Version No.			ROLL NUMBER								
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	Answer Sheet No
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	Sign. of Candidate
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	Sign. of Invigilator
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	

PAKISTAN STUDIES SSC–II (3rd Set) SECTION – A (Marks 10) Time allowed: 15 Minutes

Section – A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on this page and handed over to the Centre Superintendent. Deleting/overwriting is not allowed. **Do not use lead pencil.**

Q.1 Fill the relevant bubble for each part. All parts carry one mark.

During Z.A. Bhutto era, the land ownership of the irrigated land was limited to:													
A.	100 acres	0	B.	125 acres	\bigcirc								
C.	150 acres	0	D.	175 acres	\bigcirc								
Accor	According to the 1973 constitution, the head of the country is:												
A.	President	\bigcirc	B.	Prime Minister	\bigcirc								
C.	Army Chief	\bigcirc	D.	Chief Justice	\bigcirc								
Which one of the following is the biggest organ of the United Nations?													
А.	Secretariat	\bigcirc	B.	General Assembly	\bigcirc								
C.	Security Council	\bigcirc	D.	International Court of Justic	e 🔿								
How many Central Asian Republics became independent after the disintegration of the Soviet Union in 1991?													
A.	5	\bigcirc	B.	6	\bigcirc								
C.	7	\bigcirc	D.	8	\bigcirc								
(5) The canals which provide water throughout the year for irrigation purport called:													
A.	Perennial canals	\bigcirc	B.	Non perennial canals	\bigcirc								
C.	Seasonal canals	Ō	D.	Flood canals	Ō								
		is the b	iggest p	project for production of hydro	-electric								
Ā.	Tarbela Dam	\bigcirc	B.	Mangla Dam	\bigcirc								
C.	Warsak Dam	Õ	D.	Khanpur Dam	Õ								
		Page 1	of 2	-	0								
	A. C. Accor A. C. Whicl A. C. How f of the A. C. The c. called A. C. Whicl power A.	 A. 100 acres C. 150 acres According to the 1973 cons A. President C. Army Chief Which one of the following A. Secretariat C. Security Council How many Central Asian R of the Soviet Union in 1991 A. 5 C. 7 The canals which provide v called: A. Perennial canals C. Seasonal canals Which one of the following power in Pakistan? A. Tarbela Dam 	A. 100 acres O C. 150 acres O According to the 1973 constitution, A. President O C. Army Chief O O Which one of the following is the b A. Secretariat O C. Secretariat O O How many Central Asian Republics of the Soviet Union in 1991? A. 5 O A. 5 O O O O The canals which provide water threalled: A. Perennial canals O C. Seasonal canals O O Which one of the following is the b power in Pakistan? A. Tarbela Dam O C. Warsak Dam O O O O	A. 100 acres B. C. 150 acres D. According to the 1973 constitution, the heat A. President B. C. Army Chief D. D. Which one of the following is the biggest of A. Secretariat B. C. Secretariat B. C. Kecretariat B. D. D. How many Central Asian Republics became of the Soviet Union in 1991? A. 5 B. C. 7 D. D. D. The canals which provide water throughout called: B. D. A. Perennial canals B. D. Which one of the following is the biggest prover in Pakistan? A. Tarbela Dam B.	 A. 100 acres B. 125 acres C. 150 acres D. 175 acres According to the 1973 constitution, the head of the country is: A. President B. Prime Minister C. Army Chief D. Chief Justice Which one of the following is the biggest organ of the United Nations? A. Secretariat B. General Assembly C. Security Council D. International Court of Justice How many Central Asian Republics became independent after the disinter of the Soviet Union in 1991? A. 5 B. 6 C. 7 D. 8 The canals which provide water throughout the year for irrigation purpos called: A. Perennial canals D. Flood canals Which one of the following is the biggest project for production of hydro power in Pakistan? A. Tarbela Dam D. Khanpur Dam 								

(7) Which one of the following country is the largest market of Pakistani export items?

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A.AmericaOB.ChinaC.BritainOD.Germany

(8) How many persons live in a square kilometer area in Pakistan?

A.	126	\bigcirc	В.	226
C.	326	\bigcirc	D.	426

(9) Which one of the following city of Baluchistan is famous for its annual fair?

- A. Quetta \bigcirc B. Sibbi
- C. Ziarat () D. Lasbela
- (10) Which non-Muslim Judge played an important role in compiling the 1973 constitution?

 \bigcirc

- A. Justice Bhagwandas
- B. Justice AR Carnelius
- C. Justice Badi-uz-Zaman Kakaos
- D. Justice Dorab F Patel

Federal Board SSC-II Examination Pakistan Studies Model Question Paper (Curriculum 2006)

Time allowed: 2.15 hours

Total Marks: 40

Note: Answer any eight parts from Section 'B' and attempt any two questions from Section 'C' on the separately provided answer book. Write your answers neatly and legibly.

SECTION – B (Marks 24)

Q.2 Attempt any EIGHT parts from the following. All parts carry equal marks.

 $(8 \times 3 = 24)$

- i. Why the 1973 constitution is called a semi-rigid constitution?
- ii. Explain briefly the scheme 'retire debt, adorn the country'.
- iii. How was women empowerment given more weightage during General Musharraf period?
- iv. Describe location of Pakistan with respect to its neighbours.
- v. How is Pakistan facilitating Afghanistan in its trade relations with other countries?
- vi. What does SAARC stand for? When was it set up? Write its basic aim.
- vii. What are three main reasons for low per acre average yield in Pakistan?
- viii. How is water logging and salinity dangerous for crops to grow?
- ix. Narrate any three important problems, most of the Pakistani educational institutions are facing.
- x. How is Urdu language creating cohesion in Pakistan?
- xi. How did Sachal Sarmast play his role in the spread of Sindhi language?

SECTION – C (Marks 16)

- **Note:** Attempt any **TWO** questions. All questions carry equal marks. $(2 \times 8 = 16)$
- Q.3 Analyze the Afghan Jihad and refugee problem and their impact on Pakistani society.
- Q.4 Discuss briefly the location and production of cottage, small and large scale industries.
- Q.5 Describe at least eight social problems faced by Pakistani Society.

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PAKISTAN STUDIES SSC-II (3rd Set) Students Learning Outcomes Alignment Chart (Curriculum 2006)

Section	Q #	Contents	Learning Outcomes
А	1(1)	5.1 Z.A Bhutto Era (1971-77)	Explain the main aspects of economic
		Economic Reforms	reforms during 1971-77
	(2)	5.1 Z.A Bhutto Era (1971-77)	Identify the aspects of 1973 constitution
		1973 constitution	
	(3)	6.7 Pakistan and the United Nations	Discuss Pakistan's contribution towards
			peacekeeping in the world
	(4)	6.4 Pakistan and the Muslim world	Comprehend Pakistan's relations with the
			Central Asian Republics
	(5)	7.2 Major Sectros of Economy	Discuss the water resources of Pakistan
		 Agriculture-water resources 	and the existing irrigation system
		and irrigation	
	(6)	7.3 Energy Resources	Discuss the production and consumption of
		 Electricity 	different sources of energy
	(7)	7.4 Imports and Exports	Analyze International Trade of Pakistan,
		Major Exports and Imports	its Composition, Direction and changing
			balance
	(8)	7.5 Poverty	Enumerate the causes and consequences of
		Poverty Profile of Pakistan	poverty in Pakistan.
	(9)	8.2 Pakistan Society and Culture	Identify the major features of Pakistan's
		Arts, Dresses, festivals,	culture and commonality in regional
		heritage, crops and folklore	cultures leading to national integration and
			cohesion
	(10)	8.4 Role of Minorities in Pakistan	Trace the role of minorities in Pakistan
B	2- (i)	5.1 Z.A Bhutto Era (1971-77)	Identify the aspects of 1973 constitution
		1973 constitution	
	(ii)	5.4 Restoration of Civilian Rule	Discuss the functioning of Nawaz
		1988-99	government
		Nawaz Regimes (first and	
		second)	
	(iii)	5.5 Pervez Musharraf Era	Define Enlightened Moderation
	<i>(</i> ') -	> Enlightened Moderation	
	(iv)	6.1 Geo-political Significance of	Narrate Pakistan's relations with
		Pakistan	immediate neighbouring states
	(v)	6.3 Pakistan's relations with	Narrate Pakistan's relations with
		neighbouring countries	immediate neighbouring states
	(vi)	6.3 Pakistan's relations with	Narrate Pakistan's relations with
		neighbouring countries	immediate neighbouring states
	(vii)	7.2 Major Sectors of Economy	Point out the agricultural potential of
		 Agriculture(Agricultural Deterricily Problems and 	Pakistan along with problems and
		Potential: Problems and	measures for maximization of yield
		measures for maximization	
	(of yield)	Deint and the equivalent of the first
	(viii)	7.2 Major Sectors of Economy	Point out the agricultural potential of
	1	 Agriculture(Problems 	Pakistan along with problems and

(iv)	associated with agriculture)	measures for maximization of yield Discuss the educational and health
(1X)		conditions in Pakistan
(x)		Trace the origin and evolution of national
	 National 	and regional languages
(xi)		Trace the origin and evolution of national
()		and regional languages
3	5.3 Zia Era(1977-88)	Analyze the Afghan Jihad and the refugee
	Afghan Jihad and its	problem and their impact on Pakistani
	implications	society
4	7.2 Major Sectors of Economy	Discuss the importance of industries in
		economic development
5		Discuss the basic features of Pakistani
		society and the major social problems
	nertiage, crops and folklore	faced by it
		▶ Education and Literacy (x) 8.3 Pakistan's Languages ▶ National (xi) 8.3 Pakistan's Languages ▶ Regional 3 5.3 Zia Era(1977-88) ▶ Afghan Jihad and its implications 4 7.2 Major Sectors of Economy ▶ Industries (Cottage, small scale and large scale manufacturing)

PAKISTAN STUDIES SSC-II (3rd Set) Table of Specifications

Topics	5. History of Pakistan	6. Pakistan World	7. Economic	8. Population, Society	Marks	% age
	Part-II	Affairs	Developments	and Culture of		
				Pakistan		
K	1(1)(1)	1(3) (1), 1(4) (1)	1(7)(1), 1 (8)(1)	1 (10)(1)	20	29.8 %
(Knowledge		2 iv(3), 2 vi(3)	4 (8)			
Based)						
U	1(2)(1)	2 ii(3), 2 iii(3),	1 (5)(1), 1(6)(1)	1 (9)(1)	33	49.3 %
(Understanding		2 v(3)	2 viii(3)	2 ix(3), 2 x(3),		
Based)				2 xi(3)		
				5 (8)		
Α	3 (8)	2 i(3)	2 vii(3)		14	20.9 %
(Application						
Based)						
TotalMarks	10	20	18	19	67	100%

KEY:

1(1)(1)

Question No. (Part No.) (Allocated Marks)

- Note: (i) The policy of FBISE for knowledge based questions, understanding based questions and application based questions is approximately as follows:
 - a) 30% knowledge based.
 - b) 50% understanding based.
 - c) 20% application based.

(ii) The total marks specified for each unit/content in the table of specification is only related to this model question paper.

(iii) The level of difficulty of the paper is approximately as follows:

- a) 40% easy
- b) 40% moderate
- c) 20% difficult